

Safety Data Sheet

Network Pro 200: Blanket & Roller Wash

SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015

1. Identification Of The Substance / Mixture And Of The Company / Undertaking

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Identity NETWORK PRO 200

Blanket & Roller Wash

Alternate Names Product Number: 805885, 805636, 805637, 805638, 23190

1.2. Relevant Identified Uses Of The Substance Or Mixture And Uses Advised Against

Intended Use See Technical Data Sheet Application Method See Technical Data Sheet

1.3. Details Of The Supplier Of The Safety Data Sheet

Distributor #1 NETWORK, INC. 307 Professional Park Ave. Effingham, IL 62401

CHEMTREC (USA) 800-424-9300 Customer Service 217-536-5737

2. Hazard Identification Of The Product

2.1. Classification Of The Substance Or Mixture

Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

Skin Irrit. 3; H316 Causes mild skin irritation (not adopted by US OSHA)

Skin Sens. 1; H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 1; H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Central nervous system.

Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

2.2. Label Elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in Sections 11 and 12,

the product is listed as follows:

Signal Word: DANGER!

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

H316 Causes mild skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

[Prevention]

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces - No smoking

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilation, lighting, and equipment

P261 Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling

P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P273 Avoid release to the environment

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, and face protection

[Response]

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P303 + P361 + P353 If on skin (or hair): Remove all contaminated clothing immediately - Rinse skin with water / shower

P313 Get medical advice / attention

P314 Get immediate medical attention if you feel unwell

P321 Specific treatment (see information on this label)

P331 DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in Section 5 of SDS for extinction

P391 Collect spillage

[Storage]

P403 + P233 Store in a well ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed.

[Disposal]

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local and national regulations







SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015 • Pg. 2 of 8

3. Composition / Information On Ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient / Chemical Designations	Weight%	GHS Classification	n	Notes
Stoddard Solvent ¹ (CAS No: 8052-41-3)	60 - 70	STOT RE 1: Asp. Tox. 1:	H372 H304	[1][2]
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic ¹ (CAS No: 64742-95-6)	30 - 40	Asp. Tox. 1:	H304	[1]
Nonylphenol Polyethoxylate (CAS No: 9016-45-9)	1 - 3	Eye Dam. 2A: Skin Irrit. 2: Aquatic Chronic 1:	H319 H315 H410	[1][3]
Cyclohexene, 1-Methyl-4-(1-Methyletheneyl)-, (R)-(CAS No: 5989-27-5)	< 3	Flam. Liq. 3: Skin Irrit. 2: Skin Sens. 1: Aquatic Acute 1: Aquatic Chronic 1:	H226 H315 H317 H400 H410	[1]

^[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

4. First Aid Measures

4.1. Description Of First Aid Measures

General Move victim to fresh air. Call 911 or emergency medical service if deemed necessary. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and

shoes. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. Wash skin with soap and water. In case of burns, immediately cool affected skin for as long as possible with cold water. Do not remove clothing if adhering to skin. Keep victim warm and quiet. Ensure that medical personnel are

aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration.

If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.

Eyes Irrigate copiously with clean fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical

attention.

Skin Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin or

eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes. Shower and wash with soap and water. Keep victim warm and

quiet.

Ingestion If accidentally swallowed, get immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms And Effects, Both Acute And Delayed

Overview

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations may cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS(central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high concentrations may produce CNS depression. May cause irritation to the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract. Ingestion: Swallowing large amounts may be harmful. Irritation of the mouth, esophagus and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death.

Skin Contact: Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and could produce CNS symptoms, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling and use.

Effects Of Long-Term (Chronic) Exposure: Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Eve Contact: May cause tearing, stinging, redness, irritation, and burns.

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory tract. Prolonged or repeated breathing of very high vapor concentrations cause euphoria, excitation, and dizziness, headaches, nausea, and vomiting, abdominal pain, fatigue, muscular weakness. Aspiration into the lungs can cause CNS (central nervous system) and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pulmonary edema and chemical pneumonia depression. Chronic overexposure in high

^[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

^[3] PBT-Substance or vPvB-Substance

^{*} The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16

¹ Sara Title III Disclosure - Section 15

SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015 • Pg. 3 of 8

4. First Aid Measures, Cont.'

concentrations may produce CNS depression.

Ingestion: Irritation of the mouth, esophagus, and stomach can develop following ingestion. Symptoms include burning of the mouth, sore throat, vomiting, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness. Due to its light viscosity, there is danger of aspiration into the lungs during vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe lung damage or death. **Skin Contact:** Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation including itching and redness of the skin, defatting, and/or dermatitis. This product can also be absorbed through the skin and produce CNS symptoms. Single prolonged exposure is not likely to result in the product being absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

Signs And Symptoms Of Exposure: Eye irritation, respiratory irritation, drying and cracking of skin, dizziness, fatigue, headache, unconsciousness or asphyxiation. Chronic effects of ingestion and subsequent aspiration into the lungs can cause pneumatocele (lung cavity) formation and chronic lung dysfunction. Repeated breathing of vapors can cause effects to liver and kidneys. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemicals, carbon dioxide foam, water fog, or inert gas (nitrogen) for small fires. For large fires use foam, water fog, or water spray. Water fog and spray are effective in cooling containers and adjacent structures but might cause frothing and/or not achieve extinguishment. A water jet may be used to cool the container's external walls to prevent pressure build-up, auto ignition, or explosion. NEVER use a water jet directly on the fire. Product will float and can be re-ignited on surface of water.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From The Substance Or Mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces - No smoking Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, and equipment Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapors, or spray Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

5.3. Advice For Firefighters

Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection. HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Substance may be transported hot. Inhalation or contact with material may irritate or burn skin and eyes. Fire may produce irritating, corrosive and/or toxic gases. Vapors may cause dizziness or suffocation. Runoff from fire control or dilution water may cause pollution.

ERG Guide No. 128

6. Accidental Release Measures

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, And Emergency Procedures

Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or watercourses. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods And Material For Containment And Cleaning Up

Large Spill:As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up with noncombustible absorbent material. Remove absorbent material for proper disposal.

SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015 • Pg. 4 of 8

7. Handling And Storage

7.1. Precautions For Safe Handling

The requirements of the Highly Flammable Liquids and Liquefied Petroleum Gases Regulations apply if the flashpoint is between 21°C and 32°C. See section 2 for further details [Prevention].

7.2. Conditions For Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage. Naked flames and smoking should not be permitted in storage areas. It is recommended that fork lift trucks and electrical equipment are protected to the appropriate standard. Incompatible materials: Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

Other Precautions: All labeled precautions must be observed when handling, storing and transporting empty containers due to product residues. Do not reuse containers. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release fumes from residues. Keep containers closed and drum bungs in place. Dispose of in a licensed facility. See section 2 for further details [Storage].

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure Controls And Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

		EXPOSURE	
CAS No. 8052-41-3	Ingredient Stoddard Solvent	OSHA ACGIH NIOSH Supplier	Value TWA 500 ppm (2900 mg/m3) TWA: 290 mg/m3STEL: 580 mg/m3 TWA 350 mg/m3 C 1800 mg/m3 [15-minute] No Established Limit
9016-45-9	Nonylphenol Polyethoxylate	OSHA ACGIH NIOSH Supplier	No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic	OSHA ACGIH NIOSH Supplier	No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit
5989-27-5	Cyclohexene, 1-Methyl-4-, (1-Methylethenyl)-, (R)-	OSHA ACGIH NIOSH Supplier	No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit No Established Limit
CAS No.	Ingredient	CARCINOG Source	SEN DATA Value
8052-41-3	Stoddard Solvent	OSHA NTP IARC	Select Carcinogen: No Known: No; Suspected: No Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
9016-45-9	Nonylphenol Polyethoxylate	OSHA NTP IARC	Select Carcinogen: No Known: No; Suspected: No Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
64742-95-6	Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum),	OSHA NTP IARC	Select Carcinogen: No Known: No; Suspected: No Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
5989-27-5	Cyclohexene, 1-Methyl-4-, (1-Methylethenyl)-, (R)-	OSHA NTP IARC	Select Carcinogen: No Known: No; Suspected: No Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;

SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015 • Pg. 5 of 8

8. Exposure Controls And Personal Protection, Cont.'

8.2. Description Of First Aid Measures

Respiratory If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified

respirators.

Eyes Wear safety eyewear, e.g. safety spectacles, goggles or visors to protect against the splash of liquids.

Skin Overalls which cover the body, arms and legs should be worn. Skin should not be exposed. All parts of the body

should be washed after contact. Wear nitrile or similar chemical resistant gloves to keep skin contact to a

minimum. Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations regarding the suitability of any gloves used.

Engineering Controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and

any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

Other Work

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly

Practices remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse. See section 2 for further details [Prevention]

9. Physical And Chemical Properties

9.1.

AppearanceClear, liquidMelting Point / Freezing Point- 65°C to -25°COdorCitrusInitial Boiling Point / Boiling Range315°F to 392°F

Odor Threshold Not Measured Evaporation Rate (Ether = 1) Slower than n-Butyl Acetate

 Flashpoint
 105°F
 Upper / Lower Flammability or
 Lower: 1%

 pH
 NA
 Explosive Limits
 Upper: 6%

 Flammability (Solid, Gas)
 NA
 Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)
 Not Measured

Solubility In Water Emulsible Vapor Pressure (PA) 1.40 mm Hg @ 20°C **Vapor Density** > 4.0 Auto-Ignition Temperature > 230°C **Specific Gravity** 0.82 @ 25°C **Decomposition Temperature** Not Measured **Density** 6.80 lbs per gallon Viscosity (cSt) Not Measured

% Volatile 97.5 Photochemically Reactive Yes
V.O.C. 796 gm/L, 97.5%, 6.63 lb/gal Maximum Grams of V.O.C. per Liter 796

9.2. Other Information

No other relevant information.

10. Stability And Reactivity

- 10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under normal circumstances.
- 10.3. Possibility Of Hazardous Reactions: No data available.
- **10.4. Conditions To Avoid:** Excessive heat and open flame.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Based upon animal testing, the C9 aromatic hydrocarbon components (trimethylbenzenes and ethylmethylbenzenes) are presumed to cause fetal toxicity and/or decreased fetal and newborn weights if overexposure occurs during the early gestation period.

SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015 • Pg. 6 of 8

11. Toxicological In	formation, Cont.
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Ingredient	Oral LD50	Skin LD50	Inhalation Vapor	Inhalation Dust/Mist	Inhalation Gas
	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	LD50 (mg/L/4hr)	LD50 (mg/L/4hr)	LD50 (ppm)
Stoddard Solvent	No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data
8052-41-3	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum),	6,800.00 Rat	3,400.00 Rabbit	No Data	No Data	No Data
Light Aromatic 64742-95-6	Category: NA	Category: 5	Available	Available	Available
Nonylphenol Polyethoxylate 9016-45-9	No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data
	Available	Available	Available	Available	Available
Cyclohexene, 1-Methyl-4-	4,400.00 Rat	5,000.00 Rabbit	No Data	No Data	No Data
(1-Methylethenyl)-,(R)-, 5989-27-5	Category: 5	Category: 5	Available	Available	Available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute Toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute Toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin Corrosion / Irritation	3	Causes mild skin irritation (Not adopted by US OSHA)
Serious Eye Damage / Irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory Sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin Sensitization	1	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Germ Cell Mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive Toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT - Single Exposure		Not Applicable
STOT - Repeated Exposure	1	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Aspiration Hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY

Ingredient	96 Hr LC50 Fish (mg/L)	48 Hr EC50 Crustacea (mg/L)	ERC50 Algae (mg/L)
Stoddard Solvent 8052-41-3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic 64742-95-6	9.22, Oncorhynchus Mykiss	6.14, Daphnia Magna	19.00 (72 Hr), Selenastrum Capricornutum
Nonylphenol Polyethoxylate 9016-45-9	1.30, Lepomis Macrochirus	4.80, Daphnia Pulex	12.00 (96 Hr), Pseudokirchneriella Subcapitata
Cyclohexene, 1-Methyl-4-(1-Methylethenyl)-, (R)-, 5989-27-5	0.702, Pimephales Promelas	0.577, Daphnia Magna	Not Available

- **12.2. Persistence And Degradability:** There is no data available on the preparation itself.
- 12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential: Not Measured
- **12.4. Mobility In Soil:** No data available.
- 12.5. Results Of PBT And vPvB Assessment: This product contains PBT/vPvB chemicals.
- 12.6. Other Adverse Effects: No data available.

13. Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Wastes and emptied containers should be disposed of in accordance with regulations made under the Control of Pollution Act and the Environmental Protection Act.

Using information provided in this data sheet advice should be obtained from the Waste Regulation Authority, whether the special waste regulations apply.

SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015 • Pg. 7 of 8

14. Transport Information

NON-BULK DOMESTIC GROUND

This material is not regulated for domestic ground shipments by the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) when transported in non-bulk (a packaging which has a maximum capacity of 119 gallons or less as a receptacle for a liquid). Reference 49 CFR 173.120 (b) (2) and 173.150 (f) (1).

In summary, for non-bulk domestic ground shipments:

DOT Class: Not Regulated **Hazard Class:** Not Applicable Not Applicable UN No.:

BULK DOMESTIC GROUND

If this material if offered for domestic ground shipment in bulk (a packaging which has a maximum capacity greater than 119 gallons as a receptacle for a liquid), then the material is regulated. Reference 49 CFR 173.120 (b) (2) and 173.150 (f) (2).

In summary, for bulk domestic ground shipments:

DOT Shipping Name: NA 1993, Combustible Liquid, N.O.S. (Contains Petroleum Distillates)

Hazard Class: Combustible NA 1993 UN No.: **Packing Group:** Ш **Guide No:** 128

The domestic provisions provided for in non-bulk and bulk ground shipments are not valid for transportation by aircraft or vessel and they are not valid for international shipments. Please follow the appropriate DOT regulations in 49 CFR and the information referenced where appropriate in the IATA Dangerous Goods Transportation Regulation, the International Maritime Organization (IMO), the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO and our NFTA partner hazardous material regulation requirements).

OCEAN TRANSPORTATION

In summary, for ocean shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Not Regulated UN No.: Not Regulated **Packing Group:** Not Regulated IMDG: Not Applicable

IMDG: Marine Pollutant: Yes (Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Light Aromatic) **Environmental Hazards:**

14.6. Special Precautions For User: No further information

14.7. Transport In Bulk According To Annex II Of MARPOL73/78 And The IBC Code: Not applicable

15. Regulatory Information

Regulatory Overview

TSCA

The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented. All listed components either appear or are exempt from the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ) (40 CFR 117.302): None.

None of the components in this chemical are present above minimum amounts listed by IARC, NTP, Carcinogenicity

or OSHA as a carcinogen.

WHMIS Classification

B3. D2A

US EPA Tier II Hazards SARA Title III

Fire: Yes Sudden Release of Pressure: No Reactive: No Immediate (Acute): Yes Delayed (Chronic): Yes ¹ Indicates toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III and of

40 CFR 372. This product contains: 1, 2, 4 Trimethylbenzene (Cas # 95-63-6) (<17%),

1, 3, 5-Trimethylbenzene (Cas # 108-67-8) (7%), Xylene (Cas #1330-20-7) (<2%), Cumene (Cas# 98-82-8)

(<1%) by weight which are components in the mixture.

California PROP 65: This product contains ingredients whose compounds include trace amounts of Benzene, Toluene,

1, 4-Dioxane, Acetaldehyde, Formaldehyde, and Ethylene Oxide, The following information is

required by the State of California's Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, or Proposition 65. This regulation does not address di minimus levels; therefore, even trace amounts of the chemicals included on Proposition 65's list of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity must be noted with the "Safe Harbor" wording. WARNING: This product contains Benzene, Toluene, and Ethylene Oxide known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product contains Benzene, 1, 4 Dioxane, Ethylene Oxide, Acetaldehyde, and

Formaldehyde known to the State of California to cause cancer.

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs: None Listed **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:** None Listed

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%): None Listed Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%): None Listed

Penn RTK Substances (>1%): Stoddard solvent

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous: None Listed Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%): None Listed Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%): None Listed

N.J. RTK Substances (>1%): Stoddard solvent

SDS Revision Date: 2/2/2015 • Pg. 8 of 8

16. Other Information

HMIS

Health: 1
Flammability: 2
Reactivity: 0
Personal: H

SCAQMD Rule 443.1

Photochemically Reactive: Yes
Maximum Grams of VOC per Liter: 796 gm/L

Vapor Pressure: 1.40 mm Hg @ 20°C

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H226 Flammable liquid and vaporH302 Harmful if swallowed

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effectsH411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

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